| Reference number(s) |
| --- |
| 1943-A |

# Specialty Guideline Management
# Feiba

## Products Referenced by this Document

Drugs that are listed in the following table include both brand and generic and all dosage forms and strengths unless otherwise stated. Over-the-counter (OTC) products are not included unless otherwise stated.

| Brand Name | Generic Name |
| --- | --- |
| Feiba | anti-inhibitor coagulant complex [human] |

## Indications

The indications below including FDA-approved indications and compendial uses are considered a covered benefit provided that all the approval criteria are met and the member has no exclusions to the prescribed therapy.

### FDA-approved Indication[1]

Hemophilia A and hemophilia B with inhibitors

### Compendial Use[2-5]

Acquired hemophilia A

All other indications are considered experimental/investigational and not medically necessary.

## Prescriber Specialties

Must be prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist.

# Coverage Criteria

## Hemophilia A with Inhibitors[1,3,6-8]

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of hemophilia A with inhibitors (see Appendix) when the inhibitor titer is ≥ 5 Bethesda units per milliliter (BU/mL) or if the member has a history of an inhibitor titer ≥ 5 BU.

## Hemophilia B with Inhibitors[1,3,6-8]

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of hemophilia B with inhibitors (see Appendix) when the inhibitor titer is ≥ 5 Bethesda units per milliliter (BU/mL) or if the member has a history of an inhibitor titer ≥ 5 BU.

## Acquired Hemophilia A[2-5]

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of acquired hemophilia A.

# Continuation of Therapy

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for continued treatment in members requesting reauthorization for an indication listed in the coverage criteria section when the member is experiencing benefit from therapy (e.g., reduced frequency or severity of bleeds).

# Appendix

## Appendix: Inhibitors - Bethesda Units (BU)[7,9]

The presence of inhibitors is confirmed by a specific blood test called the Bethesda inhibitor assay.

- High-titer inhibitors:
  - ≥ 5 BU/mL
  - Inhibitors act strongly and quickly neutralize factor
- Low-titer inhibitors:
  - < 5 BU/mL
  - Inhibitors act weakly and slowly neutralize factor

# References

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3. Acquired hemophilia. World Federation of Hemophilia. http://www1.wfh.org/publications/files/pdf-1186.pdf. Accessed December 5, 2023.
4. Tiede A, Collins P, Knoebl P, et al. International recommendations on the diagnosis and treatment of acquired hemophilia A. Haematologica. 2020;105(7):1791-1801. doi:10.3324/haematol.2019.230771.
5. Franchini M, Mannucci PM. Acquired haemophilia A: a 2013 update. Thromb Haemost. 2013;110(6):1114-20.
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7. Srivastava A, Santagostino E, Dougall A, et al. WFH Guidelines for the Management of Hemophilia, 3rd edition. Haemophilia. 2020;26 Suppl 6:1-158. doi:10.1111/hae.14046.
8. National Hemophilia Foundation. MASAC Recommendations Regarding Prophylaxis with Bypassing Agents in Patients with Hemophilia and High Titer Inhibitors. MASAC Document #220. https://www.hemophilia.org/sites/default/files/document/files/masac220.pdf. Accessed December 2, 2024.
9. Kruse-Jarres, R, Kempton CL, Baudo, F, et al. Acquired hemophilia A: Updated review of evidence and treatment guidance. Am J Hematol. 2017;92:695-705.