

# Specialty Guideline Management

## Nplate

### Products Referenced by this Document

Drugs that are listed in the following table include both brand and generic and all dosage forms and strengths unless otherwise stated. Over-the-counter (OTC) products are not included unless otherwise stated.

Brand Name	Generic Name
Nplate	romiplostim

### Indications

The indications below including FDA-approved indications and compendial uses are considered a covered benefit provided that all the approval criteria are met and the member has no exclusions to the prescribed therapy.

#### FDA-approved Indications

- Nplate is indicated for the treatment of thrombocytopenia in:
  - Adult patients with immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient response to corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or splenectomy.
  - Pediatric patients 1 year of age and older with ITP for at least 6 months who have had an insufficient response to corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or splenectomy.
- Nplate is indicated to increase survival in adults and in pediatric patients (including term neonates) acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation (Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome [HS-ARS]).

#### Compendial Uses

- Myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS)
- Chemotherapy-induced thrombocytopenia (CIT)

All other indications are considered experimental/investigational and not medically necessary.

## Documentation

Submission of the following information is necessary to initiate the prior authorization review for immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) and chemotherapy-induced thrombocytopenia (CIT):

- For initial requests: pretreatment platelet count
- For continuation requests: current platelet count

## Exclusions

Coverage will not be provided when Nplate will be used concomitantly with other thrombopoietin receptor agonists (e.g., Promacta, Alvaiz, Doptelet, Mulpleta) or spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitors (e.g., Tavalisse).

## Prescriber Specialties

This medication must be prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist or oncologist.

## Coverage Criteria

### Immune Thrombocytopenia (ITP)

Authorization of 6 months may be granted for treatment of ITP when both of the following criteria are met:

- Member has had an inadequate response or intolerance to prior therapy with corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or splenectomy.
- Member has an untransfused platelet count at any point prior to the initiation of the requested medication of either of the following:
  - Less than  $30 \times 10^9/L$
  - $30 \times 10^9/L$  to  $50 \times 10^9/L$  with symptomatic bleeding (e.g., significant mucous membrane bleeding, gastrointestinal bleeding or trauma) or risk factors for bleeding (see Appendix)

### Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome (HS-ARS)

Authorization of 1 month may be granted for treatment of hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome (acute exposure to myelosuppressive doses of radiation).

## Myelodysplastic Syndromes

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS).

## Chemotherapy-Induced Thrombocytopenia (CIT)

Authorization of 6 months may be granted for treatment of chemotherapy-induced thrombocytopenia (CIT) when either of the following criteria is met:

- The platelet count is less than  $100 \times 10^9/L$  for at least 3 to 4 weeks following the last chemotherapy administration.
- Chemotherapy administration has been delayed related to thrombocytopenia.

## Continuation of Therapy

### Immune Thrombocytopenia (ITP)

- Authorization of 3 months may be granted to members with current platelet count less than  $50 \times 10^9/L$  for whom the platelet count is not sufficient to prevent clinically important bleeding and who have not received a maximal Nplate dose for at least 4 weeks.
- Authorization of 12 months may be granted to members with current platelet count less than  $50 \times 10^9/L$  for whom the current platelet count is sufficient to prevent clinically important bleeding.
- Authorization of 12 months may be granted to members with current platelet count of  $50 \times 10^9/L$  to  $200 \times 10^9/L$ .
- Authorization of 12 months may be granted to members with current platelet count greater than  $200 \times 10^9/L$  to less than or equal to  $400 \times 10^9/L$  for whom Nplate dosing will be adjusted to achieve a platelet count sufficient to avoid clinically important bleeding.

## Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome (HS-ARS)

All members (including new members) requesting authorization for continuation of therapy must meet all requirements in the coverage criteria.

## Myelodysplastic Syndromes

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for continued treatment of myelodysplastic syndromes in members who experience benefit from therapy (e.g., increased platelet counts, decreased bleeding events, reduced need for platelet transfusions).

## Chemotherapy-Induced Thrombocytopenia

Authorization of 6 months may be granted for continued treatment of chemotherapy-induced thrombocytopenia (CIT) when both of the following criteria are met:

- Member is experiencing benefit from therapy (e.g., increased platelet counts, decreased bleeding events, reduced need for platelet transfusions) to maintain a target platelet count goal of  $100 \times 10^9/L$  to  $200 \times 10^9/L$ .
- The requested drug is used to maintain dose schedule and intensity of chemotherapy.

## Appendix

### Examples of Risk Factors for Bleeding (not all inclusive)

- Undergoing a medical or dental procedure where blood loss is anticipated
- Comorbidities for bleeding (e.g., peptic ulcer disease)
- Mandated anticoagulation therapy
- Profession (e.g., construction worker) or lifestyle (e.g., plays contact sports) that predisposes member to trauma

## References

1. Nplate [package insert]. Thousand Oaks, CA: Amgen Inc.; February 2022.
2. The NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium® © 2024 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. <https://www.nccn.org>. Accessed June 10, 2024.
3. The NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology® Myelodysplastic Syndrome (Version 2.2024). © 2024 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. <https://www.nccn.org>. Accessed June 10, 2024.
4. Nuenert C, Terrel DR, Arnold DM, et al. American Society of Hematology 2019 guidelines for immune thrombocytopenia. *Blood Adv.* 2019;3(23):3829–3866.
5. Provan D, Arnold DM, Bussel JB, et al. Updated international consensus report on the investigation and management of primary immune thrombocytopenia. *Blood Adv.* 2019;3(22): 3780–3817.
6. Rodeghiero F, Stasi R, Gernsheimer T, et al. Standardization of terminology, definitions and outcome criteria in immune thrombocytopenic purpura of adults and children: report from an international working group. *Blood.* 2009;113(11):2386-2393.
7. The NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology® Hematopoietic Growth Factors (Version 3.2024). © 2024 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. <https://www.nccn.org>. Accessed June 10, 2024.